

EDUCATION BUSINESS

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AGENDA



Georgia K-12 education market overview

Education business overview

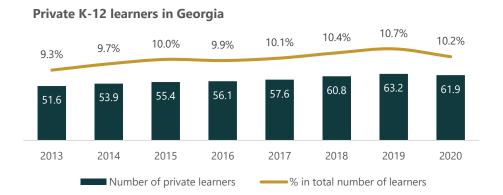
Strategy

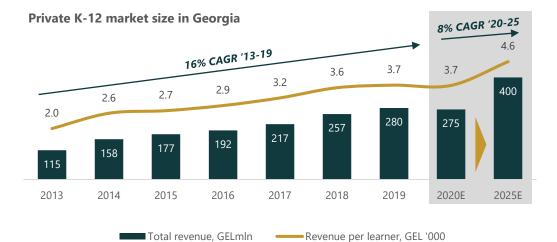
Q&A

PRIVATE K-12 MARKET IN GEORGIA



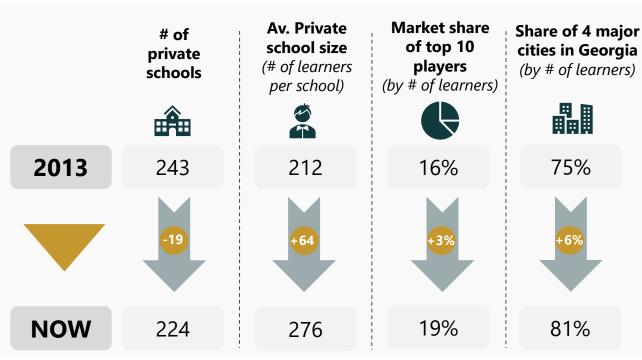
Market growing at c.2x nominal GDP growth rate





Source: G&T, GCAP estimates

Consolidation trend & opportunity in a fragmented market



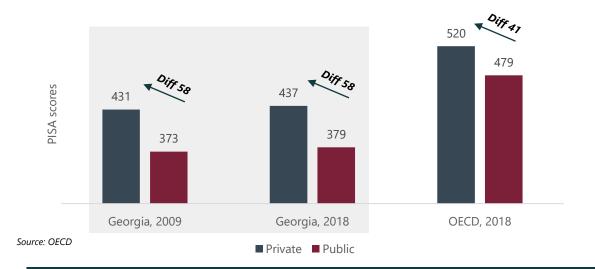
Source: Ministry of Education of Georgia

- > Currently GCAP is the largest player on the market with 4.2% market share in terms of learners, while the 2nd largest player on the market holds 2.2%
- > Only 3% of private schools have 1,000+ learners, while 63% of private schools have less than 250 learners
- > Private learners are consolidating in 4 cities with population larger than 100k Tbilisi, Batumi, Kutaisi and Rustavi

GROWTH DRIVERS FOR PRIVATE K-12 IN GEORGIA

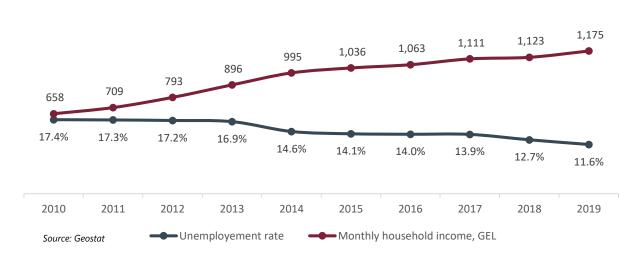


Large gap in quality of public vs. private schools



- > According to the latest (2018) PISA* study learners in Georgia rank below learners of most peer countries 67th in math, 71st in reading and 74th in science (out of 78 countries)
- Despite growth in public spending the gap between private and public schools remains unchanged over the last 10 years
- > Private schools outperformed public schools in Georgia in all the subjects tested

Increasing household income & decreasing unemployment rate



- Average household income growing at 6.7% CAGR '10-19, reaching GEL 1.2k monthly income per household in 2019
- ➤ **Unemployment rate** in Georgia has seen the downward trend in the last 10 years, decreasing from 17.4% back in 2010 to 11.6% in 2019
- COVID-19 expected impact on unemployment rate and household income in coming years is reflected in GCAP market forecasts with CAGR decreasing from 16% 2013-19 to 8% for 2020-25

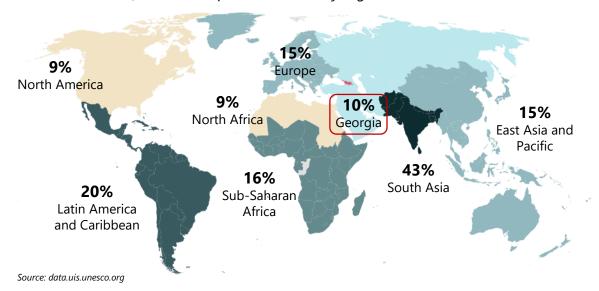
^{*} The Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA) is a worldwide study by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) intended to evaluate educational systems by measuring 15-year-old learners' scholastic performance on mathematics, science and reading

BENCHMARKING GEORGIA WITH OTHER COUNTRIES



Demand on private K-12 education is trending globally

Enrolment rate of learners in private schools by region, 2019

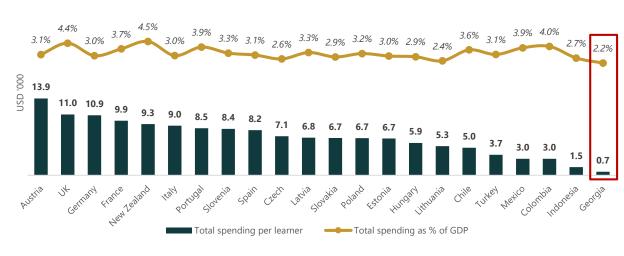


Region Private enrollment growth over '13-19

	9.0
Sub-Saharan Africa	19%
Georgia	19%
East Asia and Pacific	19%
North America	14%
World	13%
South Asia	13%
Europe	11%
Latin America and Caribbean	2%

Georgia has room to grow its current 10% enrolment rate of learners in private schools and catch up with Sub-Saharan Africa (16%), Latin America (20%), and South Asia (43%)

Lower average annual spending per K-12 learner in Georgia indicating room for further growth



Source: OECD, Ministry of Finance of Georgia

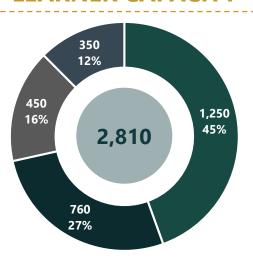
Georgia has lower spending on education compared to other countries:

- > Total spending per learner is USD 650 vs. ~USD 9,000 OECD average
- > Total spending as % of GDP stands at 2.2% versus 3.1% OECD average

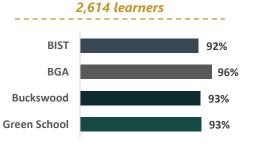
EDUCATION BUSINESS OVERVIEW



LEARNER CAPACITY*



93% UTILIZATION



INTAKE FEES

	AFFORDABLE	MIDSCALE	PREMIUM	SPECIALIZED
	GREEN SCHOOL	BUCKSWOOD	BGA	BIST
School	GEL 6,000 (USD 1,800)	GBP 2,900 (USD 3,800)	USD 5,900	USD 9,950 - USD 17,400
Pre-school	GEL 4,500 (USD 1,400)	GBP 1,800 (USD 2,300)	USD 5,000	USD 5,750 - USD 6,800

Presence in all private school segments with annual tuition fees ranging from USD 1,400 to USD 17,400

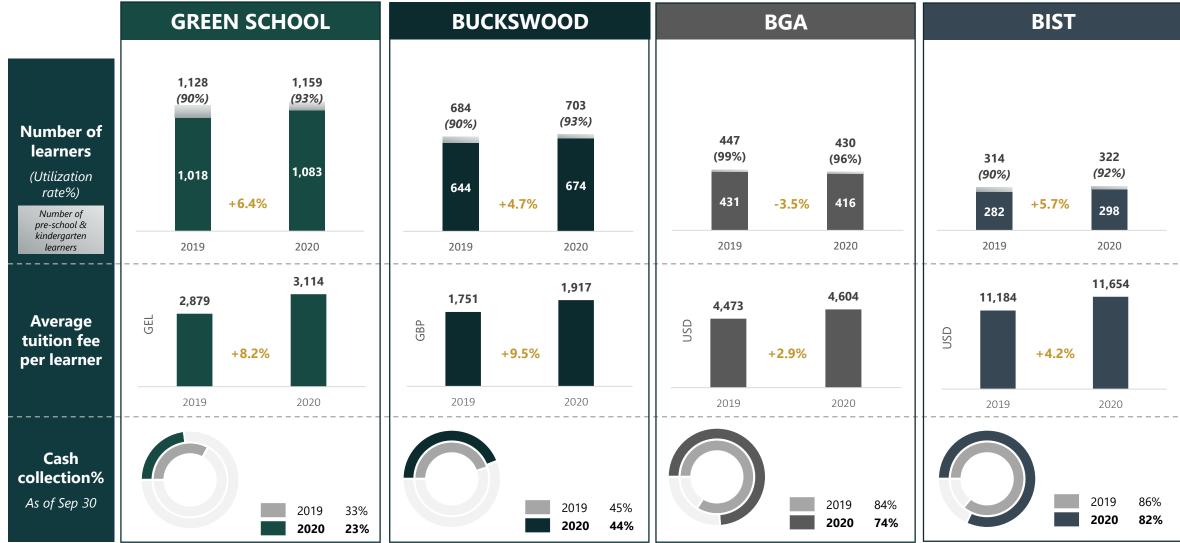
DISTRIBUTION OF 2,614 LEARNERS



c. 52% of learners distributed in lower grades Pre-5 – indicating schools' future organic growth potential

2020-21 ACADEMIC YEAR OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE





EDUCATION BUSINESS FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE



FY2019 and 9M19 vs 9M20 results

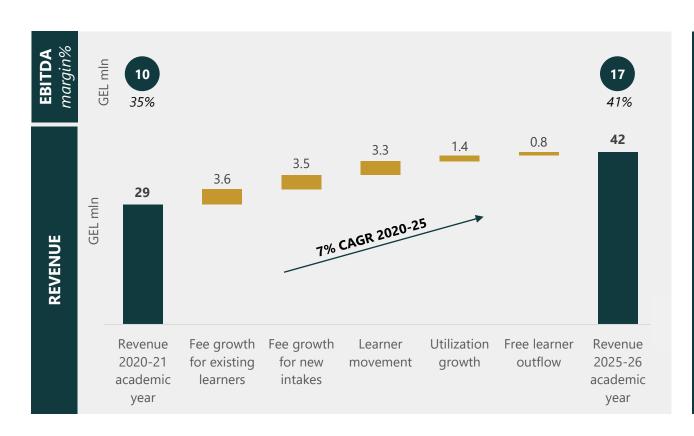
	2019	9M′19	9M′20	Change (9M'19 vs 9M'20)
All amounts in GEL '000				
Revenue	24,580	16,328	17,112	+4.8%
EBITDA	7,456	4,626	4,220	-8.8%
EBITDA margin, %	30.3%	28.3%	24.7%	-3.7 ppts
Operating cash flow	9,777	8,618	8,152	-5.4%
Debt to LTM EBITDA	2.7x	2.7x	3.4x	+0.7x

- > 9M20 Revenue up despite offering 10%-25% discounts for distance learning period
- > 9M20 EBITDA down reflecting significant reduction in summer school revenue with GEL 0.7mln impact on EBITDA
- > EBITDA margin low due to OPEX expenditures during 1H 2020 utilized for expansion projects
- > Cash collection rates largely at last year's levels reaching operating cash flow of GEL 8.2mln in 9M'20
- > Operating cash flow for 3Q 2020 up by 44% YoY from GEL 2.3mln to GEL 3.3mln

PRE-SECURED REVENUE GROWTH



Revenue growth in existing school facilities – assuming no expansions



Revenue growth of 7% CAGR 2020-2025 in existing facilities is driven by:

- **1. Fee growth for existing learners** tuition fee growth via contract renewals for existing learners for grade level progression
- **2. Fee growth for new intakes** stated intake tuition fee growth every 1-3 years depending on the segment
- **3. Learner movement** intake of stated tuition fee paying learners, replacing outgoing low tuition fee paying learners (churn and graduation)
- **4. Utilization growth** increase in total number of learners by 83, growing utilization rate from current 93% to 95%
- **5. Free learner outflow** outflow of learners that do not pay tuition fee from affordable segment, currently 23% learner capacity decreasing to 10% by 2025

For 2025-26 academic year Education business has potential to generate **Revenue -** *GEL 42mln* **and EBITDA -** *GEL 17mln* **on existing already operational facilities**

EDUCATION BUSINESS STRATEGY



TARGETING FOR 2025...

Equity valueGEL 0.5bln

EBITDA margin 40%+

Maintain ROIC 20%+

Ramp-up for new capacity
(reaching 80%+ utilization)
3-5 years

...THROUGH

•	M&A 80% affordable & 20% midscale	
NOW	By 2025	By 2025
2,810	6,000	15,000
93%	85%	80%-85%
	GEL 32mln	GEL 18mln
USD 17.5mln ²	USD 2.6mln	USD 11.4mln
20%+	20%+	20%+
	existing part NOW 2,810 93% GEL 10mln¹ USD 17.5mln² 20%+	2,810 6,000 93% 85% GEL 10mln¹ GEL 32mln USD 17.5mln² USD 2.6mln

Investment per learner capacity in affordable segment

GEL 7,200

GEL 7.000

GEL 6,200

REMAINING GCAP NEW EQUITY INVESTMENT BY 2025

14
USD million

TOTAL EBITDA BY 2025

50+

CAPACITY BY 2025 21K learners

- Of which, 6,000 (existing schools) - Of which, 15,000 (M&As)
- ➤ With new equity investment of USD 2.6mln, GCAP can expand to 6,000 learner capacity and generate GEL 32mln EBITDA by 2025 on secured real estate locations with existing partner schools
- ➤ USD 2.6mln new equity investment for expansion plans with existing partner schools is net of education business reinvestment of USD 5.6mln and net of in-kind contribution of USD 5.5mln (assets already on GCAP Balance Sheet)
- > USD 11.4mln new equity investment for M&A pipeline is net of education business reinvestment of USD 15.2mln

¹ EBITDA GEL 10mln is an estimate for 2020-21 academic year

² Investment is calculated at 3.2 USD/GEL exchange rate



ANNEX

GCAP 3 PARTNER SCHOOLS



GREEN SCHOOL

<u>Affordable</u>





BUCKSWOOD

<u>Midscale</u>





BGA

&

BIST

<u>Premium</u>

Specialized





FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS



This presentation contains forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, statements concerning expectations, projections, objectives, targets, goals, strategies, future events, future revenues or performance, capital expenditures, financing needs, plans or intentions relating to acquisitions, competitive strengths and weaknesses, plans or goals relating to financial position and future operations and development. Although Georgia Capital PLC believes that the expectations and opinions reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations and opinions will prove to have been correct. By their nature, these forward-looking statements are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and contingencies, and actual results and events could differ materially from those currently being anticipated as reflected in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in forward-looking statements, which could include, among other things: impact of COVID-19; regional instability; regulatory risk across a wide range of industries; investment risk; liquidity risk; portfolio company strategic and execution risks; currency fluctuations, including depreciation of the Georgian Lari, and macroeconomic risk; and other key factors that indicated could adversely affect our business and financial performance, which are contained in our past and future filings and reports and also the 'Principal Risks and Uncertainties' and Emerging Risks included in the 1H20 Results Announcement and Georgia Capital PLC's Annual Report and Accounts 2019. No part of this presentation constitutes, or shall be taken to constitute, an invitation or inducement to invest in Georgia Capital PLC or any other entity and must not be relied upon in any way in connection with any investment decision. Georgia Capital PLC and other entities undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether